

Contemporary Korean Choral Repertoire and Pedagogical Considerations

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| Composers | Title | Pages | Voicing/Instrumentation | Genre | Publisher |
|--------------|---|---------|--|--------------------|--|
| Hyeyoung Cho | Spring in my hometown (고향의 봄) | 1-9 | SATB, piano (optional strings) | Folk | KCM Alliance (kcmalliance.org) |
| | Ongheya (옹해야) | 10-28 | A cappella SATB div. | Folk | Self-published (chy1005@gmail.com) |
| | Evocation (못잊어) | 29-43 | SATB, piano | secular | Sancta Barbara (SBMP 1780) |
| Jungpyo Hong | Arirang Mass: Kyrie | 44-50 | SATB, flute | Sacred, folk-based | Vitnara (vitnara08@hanmail.net) |
| Mi Sun Kim | Kwe-Ji-Na Ching-Ching Na-Nae (쾌지나 칭칭나네) | 51-62 | SATB, S or T solo, piano | Folk | KCM Alliance |
| Texu Kim | The New Year's Magpie Song (설까치타령) | 63-89 | SATB, horn, 2 trumpets, trombone, tuba, percussion | Folk | Self-publisehd (texukim.com ; samueltexu@gmail.com) |
| | Chapsalteok (찹쌀떡) | 90-107 | SATB, low voice solo | Folk chant | |
| Hyun Kook | Dara Dara Balgeun Dara (달아달아 밝은달아) | 108-127 | SATB a cappella (SSAA available) | Folk | Walton (WJMS1187) |
| | Suri Suri Masuri (수리수리마수리) | 128-135 | SATB, SSATB soli | Children 's song | Earthsongs |
| Byunghee Oh | Ganggangsullae (강강술래) | 136-150 | SATB piano (SSA available) | folk | KCM Alliance |
| | Kwe-ji-na Ching-Ching Na-nae (쾌지나 칭칭나네) | 151-166 | A cappella SATB div. | folk | Self-published (obh5002@gmail.com) |



Access to scores:

Korean Vowels/Consonants Pronunciation Chart

Vowels (usually less flexible than the vowels of General American English pronunciation)

| Pure Vowels | | | |
|----------------|--------------------|-----|--|
| Hangeul | Roman Alphabet | IPA | Example |
| ㅏ | ah | ʌ | Father |
| ㅑ | ya | ja | Yamaha |
| ㅓ | eo | ə | awake |
| ㅕ | yeo | jɔ | Yummy |
| ㅗ | oh | o | sore |
| ㅛ | yo | jo | gnocchi (as in Italian) |
| ㅜ | oo | u | nougat |
| ㅠ | yoo | ju | use |
| ㅡ | eu (non-existent) | ü | Lips slightly open sideways as if saying "mm" |
| | ee | i | keep |
| Complex Vowels | | | |
| -ㅣ | eui (non-existent) | üi | Combination of 'ㅡ' and 'ㅣ' (pronouncing both vowels quickly like a diphthong vowel) |
| ㅗ | oe, we | ø | |
| ㅐ | ae | ɛ | apple |
| ㅟ | wi | ʏ | we |
| ㅔ | e | e | nest |
| ㅒ | yae | jɛ | Yellow |
| ㅖ | ye | je | yellow (similar to 'ㅒ') |
| ㅘ | wa | wa | washington |
| ㅙ | wo | wɔ | wonder |
| ㅘ | Wae | wɛ | wane |
| ㅘ | we | we: | Wet (similar to 'ㅘ') |

Consonants

| Pure Consonants | | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|---|---|
| Hangueul | Roman Alphabet | IPA | Example |
| ㄱ | g,k | g (or k depending on the location of the consonant) | gain |
| ㄴ | n | n | none |
| ㄷ | d | d | deep |
| ㄹ | r,l (flipped) | r | grazie (as in Italian) |
| ㅁ | m | m | mother |
| ㅂ | b,p | b | boy |
| ㅅ | s | s | soon (softer and deeper) |
| ㅇ | ng | ŋ | orchid (when front), [ng] sound when ending consonant |
| ㅈ | j or dz | ts (or dz) | jar |
| ㅊ | ch | ts ^h | chair |
| ㅋ | k | k ^h | car |
| ㅌ | t | t ^h | teach |
| ㅍ | p | p ^h | pine |
| ㅎ | h | h | host |
| Tense Consonants* | | | |
| ㄲ | gg, kk | k' | chiaroscuro (as in Italian) |
| ㄸ | dd, tt | t' | tortilla (as in Spanish) |
| ㅃ | bb, pp | p' | doppio (as in Italian, meaning double) |
| ㅉ | jj | ts' | lotse (as in German, meaning guide, but with less aspiration) |
| ㅆ | ss | ss | sun (ss or ſ as in German) |

* Examples of English words are selected based on the General American English pronunciation.

Basic Rules of Singing Korean

Basic Background of Language and Hangeul (한글), the alphabet of Korean Language

- 훈민정음 (Hunminjeongeum) promulgated in 1446
- Korean Alphabetic System is called 한글 (Hangeul)
 - 14 non-mixed consonants and 10 non-mixed vowels excluding
 - . Hangeul has 5 double consonants and 11 compound vowels
 - . So a total of 19 consonants and 21 vowels = 40 alphabet letters
- Korean sentence order: Subject + Object + Verb

Assembling Alphabetic Writing System

- In Korean writing, alphabets are arranged to create syllables, in a block-like structure, with a consonant followed by a vowel (and maybe followed by another consonant)
- Korean has an Alphabetic writing system whereas Japanese has a syllabic writing system and Mandarin Chinese has a logographic writing system.
- The example below: each square represents each syllable. The sound usually contained within the syllable block without being released out of the block.

| | |
|------|-------|
| C | V |
| ㅅ(s) | ㅐ(ae) |

= ㅅㅐ (Bird)

| | |
|--------|---------|
| C ㅅ(s) | V ㅐ(ae) |
| ㄱ(k) | |

= 색 (color)

| |
|--------|
| C ㅅ(s) |
| V ㅗ(o) |

= 소 (cow)

| |
|--------|
| C ㅅ(s) |
| V ㅗ(o) |
| C ㄱ(k) |

= 속 (inside)

Understanding Linguistic Characteristics of Korean Diction

- Non-existing pronunciations in Korean language: /z/, /l/, /r/, /f/, /j/, /θ/
- No lexical stress or pitch in speech
- *Pronunciation of final consonant: unreleased (or non-explosive): i.e. ㅈ (jak or jag)
- Tips for Singing Korean Vowels
 - Sounds less flexible than the pronunciation of American English
 - Somewhere between Italian and English, but closer to Italian vowel sounds.
 - Strong similarities between Latin and Korean pronunciation
 - Soft, relaxed, deep inside the oral cavity
 - Diphthong exists in the Korean language, but as a “rising” diphthong (not falling), meaning both vowels are pronounced quite evenly

- Liaison exists (the linking of the final consonant of a previous syllable to the next beginning vowel)

Common Misunderstanding of Korean Diction

- /— (eu)/: uncommon in English vowels
 - The ‘oo’ sound from the English word ‘book’ but with lips apart sideways, tongue nicely sitting on the bottom, with upper and lower teeth close together with a little gap
- /—l (ui)/: compound vowels
- /ㄹ (r or l)/: close to flipped [r]
- /ㅌ (t)/: more dental, less aspiration of the air
- /ㅈ (j)/: less of a [dʒ] or [ʒ] sound, lips less protruding than when pronouncing American ‘j’ sound like ‘joy’
- /ㄱ (gg)/ and /ㅋ (k)/
- /ㄷ (d)/ and /ㄸ (dd) and /ㅌ (t)/

Korean Traditional Music Genres

Genres of Korean Vocal Music

- Minyo (meaning folk song): many composers use Minyo as inspiration for choral arrangements. Minyo could be categorized by region.
 - Tosok Minyo
 - Tongsook Minyo
- *Pansori*: musical storytelling by a vocalist and a drummer

Korean Traditional Musical Elements

- Key
 - *Pyeongjo*: similar to major keys in Western music
 - *Gyemyeonjo*: similar to minor keys
- Scale
 - Different regions use different scales
 - The pentatonic scale is common in folk music, but there are scales with 3, 4, and 6 notes
- *Jangdan* (rhythms)
 - Unique based on different regions

| <i>Sematsi Jangdan</i> | <i>Gutgeori Jangdan</i> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|---|------|---|----|---|------|--|---|--|---|--|---|---|---|--|--|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|--|---|----|---|------|---|----|---|------|
| <p style="text-align: center;">세마치장단</p>  <table border="1" style="margin-top: 10px; width: 100%;"> <tr> <td>○</td><td></td><td>○</td><td></td><td> </td><td>○</td><td> </td><td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>덩</td><td></td><td>덩</td><td></td><td>덕</td><td>쿵</td><td>덕</td><td></td> </tr> </table> | ○ | | ○ | | | ○ | | | 덩 | | 덩 | | 덕 | 쿵 | 덕 | | <p style="text-align: center;">$\text{♩} = 80 \sim 90$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">굿거리장단</p>  <table border="1" style="margin-top: 10px; width: 100%;"> <tr> <td>○</td><td>i</td><td>○</td><td> </td><td>○</td><td>i</td><td>○</td><td> </td> </tr> <tr> <td>덩</td><td>기덕</td><td>쿵</td><td>더러러러</td><td>쿵</td><td>기덕</td><td>쿵</td><td>더러러러</td> </tr> </table> <p style="text-align: center;">-기본형 굿거리장단 잡구보</p> | ○ | i | ○ | | ○ | i | ○ | | 덩 | 기덕 | 쿵 | 더러러러 | 쿵 | 기덕 | 쿵 | 더러러러 |
| ○ | | ○ | | | ○ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 덩 | | 덩 | | 덕 | 쿵 | 덕 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ○ | i | ○ | | ○ | i | ○ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 덩 | 기덕 | 쿵 | 더러러러 | 쿵 | 기덕 | 쿵 | 더러러러 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Example folk tune: Gyeonggi Arirang | Example folk tune: Nililiya | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

- Notation System (*Jeonggan-bo*)
 - Single-line based, no harmony
 - Reading from the top to bottom and right to left
- Ornamentation (*Sigimsae*): trills, shakes, accented appoggiatura, straight tone, glissando, etc.
- Horizontal Texture
- Vocal color: strong chest voice supported by deep breath, somewhat nasal, belting quality

Consideration in Singing Korean Folk Arrangements

- Being creative and not being afraid!
- Vocal color: search “*Pansori*” online! Many exemplary videos will be helpful in learning about the vocal tone
- Adding *Sigimsae* on one part or solo line
- Application of *Jangdan* in rehearsal
- Unison singing in rehearsal with *Sigimsae*
- Applying the color of traditional Korean instruments in voice and instrument

Resources

Northeast Asian Choral Resources Project by Minji Kim and Xin Su:

<https://neachoralresources.wordpress.com/>

Korean Choral Music Alliance: <http://www.kcmalliance.org>

IPA Examples for Popular Korean Lyrics (“Doraji” by Yoojin Muhn, “Bluebird” arranged by Jungsun Lee, “Hangangsu Taryeong” arranged by Jisoo Kim, “Gyeongbokkung Taryeong” arranged by Jisoo Kim)
 - refer to P. 89-94 of Sooyeon Lee’s dissertation (reference below)

Lee, Sooyeon. “A Study of Korean Diction for Choral Conductors Using the Principles of the Korean Writing System.” D.M.A dissertation, the University of Alabama, 2017.

Spring in My Hometown

고향의 봄

Text:

나의 살던 고향은 꽃피는 산골
복숭아꽃 살구꽃 아기 진달래
울긋불긋 꽃 대궐 차린 동네
그 속에서 놀던 때가 그립습니다.

꽃 동네 새 동네 나의 옛 고향
파란들 남쪽에서 바람이 불면
냇가에 수양버들 춤추는 동네
그 속에서 놀던 때가 그립습니다

Text Translation:

My home is a blooming mountain village
Peach flower, apricot flower, baby azalea
Its glaring colors from flower palace
The time I played there, I miss.

Flower village, bird village is my old home.
When the wind blows from the southern green field,
By the brook, weeping willows begin dancing
The time I played there, I miss.

(Translated by Wongil Park)

Text by Wonsoo Lee
Music by Nanpa Hong
Arranged by Hye-Young Cho
(chy1005@gmail.com)

고향의 봄

for SATB choir, piano accompanied

이원수 작사
홍난파 작곡
조혜영 편곡

Soprano longingly ($\text{♩} = \text{c. } 72$) pp p

Alto pp^{oo} p

Tenor pp^{oo} p

Bass pp^{ii} p

Piano longingly^{oo} ($\text{♩} = \text{c. } 72$) p

5 Soprano solo or unison p

나 의 살 던
na eui sa - al deon

mp p

mp p^{oo} p^{oo}

mp p^{oo} p^{oo}

mp p^{oo} p^{oo}

mp p

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chy1008@gmail.com

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고 향 은 꽃 피 는 산 골 복 송 아 꽃
go hyang eun ggot* pee neun sa-an gol bok soong ah ggot

13

살 구 꽃 아 기 진 달 래 SA or A **p**
sahl goo ggot ah gee jeen da-al lae SA or A

TB **p**

17 **mp**

울 굿 불 굿 꽃 대 궐 차 리 인 동
wool geut bool geut ggot dae gwol cha ree een dong

p

mp

20

네 neh **p**
그 geu 속 so - 에 gae 서 seo 놀 nol 던 deon 때 ddae 가 gah 그 geu 립 reep 습 seum - 니 nee

다 dah **p** **mp**
우 oo **p** **mp**
우 oo **p** **mp**
우 oo **p** **mp**
우 oo **p** **mp**

아 ah **p**
아 ah **p**
아 ah **p**
아 ah **p**

28 Soprano solo rit. 따뜻하게 (♩ = c. 76)

아
나 nah 의 ui 살 sal 던 deon 고 go 향 hyang 은 eun 꽃 ggot 피 pee 는 neun 산 san

rit. 따뜻하게 (♩ = c. 76)

32 mp

아
골 gol
복 bok
송 soong
아 ah
꽃 ggot
살 sal
구 goo
꽃 ggot
아 ah
기 gee
진 jeen
달 dal

Ongheyah

(옹heyah)

Ongheyah is a working song sung during the harvest season, especially for barley or perilla seeds. Two or three farmers would use the tool called "dorikkae" in circular motions. They would, in turn, swing and thresh the heap of harvested crops to separate grains from the husks, while they are singing the tune in a call-and-response manner.

Folk music originated from the Geyongsang Province, South Korea
Arranged by Hye-Young Cho (chy1005@gmail.com)

Commissioned by Korea National Chorus, Sang-hoon Lee, Director

옹헤야 (Ongheyah)

for SATB Choir, a cappella

경상도 민요 (folk music originated from the Gyeongsang Province)

조혜영 편곡 (arranged by Hye-Young Cho)

Andante ($\text{♩} = \text{ca. } 66$)

Musical score for the Andante section (♩ = ca. 66). The score consists of four staves: Soprano, Alto, Tenor, and Bass. The vocal parts sing the lyrics "옹 헤 야" (ong he yah) in a steady, rhythmic pattern. The piano part provides harmonic support with sustained notes and chords. Measure numbers 1 through 4 are shown above the staves.

Soprano: 옹 헤 야 - - - - - - - -

Alto: 옹 헤 야 - - - - - - - -

Tenor: 옹 헤 야 - - - - - - - -

Bass: 옹 헤 야 - - - - - - - -

Allegro ($\text{♩} = \text{c. } 136$)

Musical score for the Allegro section (♩ = c. 136). The score consists of four staves: Soprano, Alto, Tenor, and Bass. The vocal parts sing the lyrics "옹 헤 야" (ong he yah) and "어 절 씨 구 옹 헤 야" (eo jeol ssi goo ong he ya) in a more dynamic and rhythmic style. The piano part provides harmonic support with sustained notes and chords. Measure numbers 5 through 13 are shown above the staves.

Soprano: 옹 헤 야 - - - - - - - -

Alto: 옹 헤 야 - - - - - - - -

Tenor: 옹 헤 야 - - - - - - - -

Bass: 옹 헤 야 - - - - - - - -

9

jal do han da ong he ya jeo jeol ssi goo ong
he ya jal do han da ong he ya

jal do han da ong he ya jeo jeol ssi goo ong he ya jal do han da ong he ya

8

— — — — — — — —

poco a poco cresc.

12

ong he yah — — — — — — — —

ong he yah — — — — — — — —

— — — — — — — —

poco a poco cresc.

poco a poco cresc.

p jeol ssi goo 'poco a poco cresc.' jal do han da ong he ya

eo jeol ssi goo ong he ya jal do han da ong he ya

15

저 절 씨 구 옹 해 야 잘 도 한 다 옹 해 야 옹 해
jeo jeol ssi goo ong he ya jal do han da ong he yah - ong he

18

야 - 에 헤 에 헤 옹 해 야 - eh he eh he ong he ya -
 doom
야 - 에 헤 에 헤 옹 해 야 - eh he eh he ong he ya -
 doom
야 - 에 헤 에 헤 옹 해 야 - eh he eh he ong he ya -
 doom
야 - 에 헤 에 헤 옹 해 야 - eh he eh he ong he ya -
 doom

EVOCATION (MON-NEE-JOH), Cho
SBMP 1780

SATB
piano

못 잊어

Evocation

(Mon-Nee-Joh)

text by

Sowol Kim

music by

Hye-Young Cho



Santa Barbara Music Publishing, Inc.

못잊어
Evocation (Mon-Nee-Joh)

김소월 poem by Sowol Kim (1902-1934)
조혜영 music by Hye-Young Cho (b.1969)

못 잊어 생각이 나겠지요.
그런대로 한세상 지내시구려,
사노라면 잊힐 날 있으리다.

못 잊어 생각이 나겠지요.
그런대로 세월만 가라시구려,
못 잊어도 더러는 잊히오리다.

그러나 또 한껏 이렇지요,
그리워 살뜰히 못 잊는데,
어찌면 생각이 떠지나요

Unable to forget, you will miss them.
Let it be, that will be a life all its own.
There will come a day when you forget.

Unable to forget, you will miss them.
So be it, just let the years pass on by.
You will one day forget some, if not all.

Yet, for all that, is it not also true,
With blood and bones yearning alike,
How can the thought ever leave you.

Evocation (Mon-Nee-Joh)

Poem by Sowol Kim

Music by Hye-Young Cho

Piano

Andante espressivo $\text{♩} = \text{c. } 60-66$

p legato, rubato

4

poco accel.

cresc.

rit.

a tempo

10

molto rit.

Andante con moto $\text{♩} = \text{c. } 68-72$

poco rit.

SA unis. mp

Mon-nee-

molto rit.

Andante con moto $\text{♩} = \text{c. } 68-72$

poco rit.

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13 **a tempo**

16 **a tempo**

19 **poco rit.** **a tempo**

Perusal Copy

22

Mon - nee - joh Mon-nee-joh

joh Mon - nee - joh Mon-nee-joh

Unis.

Saeng-ga-ghee Na-gae - zhee - yo

Saeng-ga-ghee Na-gae - zhee - yo

Unis. *p*

Gh - ruhn - dae - ro Han - sae - sang Ghee - nae -

30

mp

Gh - ruhn - dae - ro Han - sae - sang Ghee - nae -
si - gu - ryo Gh - ruhn - dae - ro Han - sae - sang Ghee - nae -

32

see - gu - ryo Sa - noh - ra - myun
see - gu - ryo Sa - noh - ra - myun Eeh - tsil - nal

34

Eeh - ssuh - ree - da Unis.
Eeh - ssuh - ree - da Unis.

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36 rit. *mf* a tempo

Gh - rhun - dae - ro Sae - whol - mahn Ga - ra -
Gh - rhun - dae - ro Sae - whol - mahn Ga - ra -

rit. a tempo *mf*

38 Unis. Unis.

see - guh - ryo Gh - ruhn - dae - ro Sae - whol - mahn Ga - ra - see - gu - ryo Mon - nee - joh -
see - guh - ryo Gh - ruhn - dae - ro Sae - whol - mahn Ga - ra - see - gu - ryo

41 *cresc. poco a poco*

do _____ Mon - nee - joh - do _____ Duh - ruh - nuhn
cresc. poco a poco
Unis.

Mon - nee - joh - do _____ Mon - nee - joh - do Duh - ruh - nuhn

cresc. poco a poco



KMS01, KCM Alliance Choral Series

Misun Kim (김미선)

쾌지나 칭칭 나네

Kwe-Ji-Na Ching-Ching Na-Nae

Korean Folk Song Arrangement

SATB Choir, Solo (Soprano or Tenor) with piano

Administrated by KCM Alliance

kcmalliance@gmail.com

About the Composer

Misun Kim (b.1981) is one of the leading women choral composers in Korea. Her choral works have been commissioned and performed by major professional choirs in Korea including the National Chorus of Korea and Incheon City Chorale. She is known for her versatile music driven by fluid melodies, lyricism, and diverse musical approaches. Misun was awarded an honor certificate from the Minister of Health and Welfare of Korea for her effort to raise social awareness of Type 1 Diabetes through her composition, a choral-musical “A Very Special Gift.” She holds a Master’s degree in composition from Southern Baptist Theological Seminary (USA) and Bachelor’s degree in composition from Hanyang University (Korea).

Performance Note

Like other Korean folk songs, Kwe-Ji-Na Ching-Ching Na-Nae is passed down from generation to generation, and no one is sure about the meaning of Kwe-Ji-Na Ching-Ching Na-Nae. Originated in Gyeong-Sang Province (southern part of Korea), it was likely sung as a war (fight) song against Japan in 1592 (Im-Jin-Wae-Ran). The structure of this original folk song is antiphonal, the soloist sings verses with improvisation, and the choir responds with refrain. The melody is based on “Mae-Na-Ri-To-Ri” scale which is based on “mi-sol-la-do-re”, and the rhythm is based on “Ja-Jin-Mo-Ri-Jang-Dan”.

Translation and Pronunciation: 쾌지나 칭칭 나네 (Kwe-Ji-Na Ching-Ching Na-Nae)

| | |
|---|--|
| 얼씨구나! 신명나게 놀아보세! | 달아 달아 밝은 달아 |
| Uhl-Ssi-Gu-Na! Shin-Myung-Na-Geh Nol-Ah-Bo-Seh! | Dahl-Ah Dahl-Ah Bahl-Gun Dahl-Ah |
| Hooray! / fun / play (Hooray! Let's have fun) | moon / moon / bright moon (Bright moon) |
| 쾌지나 칭칭 나네 | 우주 강산에 비친 달아 |
| Kwe-Ji-Na Ching-Ching Na-Nae (unknown meaning) | Oo-Ju Gahng-Sahn-Eh Bee-Chin Dahl-Ah Universe / sea and mountain / reflect / moon (moon that is reflected on sea, mountain and universe) |
| 칭치칭 쾌지나 치잉칭 나네 | 쾌지나 칭칭 나네 |
| Ching-Chi-Ing Kwe-Ji-Na Chi-Ing-Ching Na-Nae (unknown meaning) | Kwe-Ji-Na Ching-Ching Na-Nae |
| 서산에 지는 해는 | 칭 치칭 쾌지나 치잉칭 나네 |
| Suh-San-Eh Ji-Nun Heh-Nun west mountain / set / sun (Sun is setting on the west mountain) | Ching-Chi-Ing Kwe-Ji-Na Chi-Ing-Ching Na-Nae |
| 쾌지나 칭칭 나네 | 쾌지나 칭칭 나네 |
| Kwe-Ji-Na Ching-Ching Na-Nae | Kwe-Ji-Na Ching-Ching Na-Nae |
| 누라서 잡아메며 | 얼쑤 |
| Nui-Ra-Suh Jah-Bah Meh-Myuh who / chasing (who are you chasing) | Uhl-Ssu |
| 칭 치칭 쾌지나 치잉칭 나네 | Hooray! |
| Ching-Chi-Ing Kwe-Ji-Na Chi-Ing-Ching Na-Nae | |
| 쾌지나 칭칭 나네 | |
| Kwe-Ji-Na Ching-Ching Na-Nae | |

Scan below QR code for pronunciation guide



Performance Duration: 2:30

Commissioned and Dedicated to the 2023 Texas All-State SATB Choir

Dr. Julie Yu-Oppenheim, Conductor

쾌지나칭칭나네

(Kwe-Ji-Na Ching-Ching Na-Nae)

SATB, Solo (Soprano or Tenor) with piano

Traditional Korean Folk Song

Music by Misun Kim

L = 56 with high spirit

Soprano Alto
Tenor Bass

Piano

solo, shouting with excitement
얼 씨 구 나! 신 명 나 게 놀 아 보 세!
Uhl-Ssi-Gu-Na! Shin-Myung-Na-Geh Nol-Ah-Bo-Seh!

This section of the musical score includes four staves. The top two staves are for the vocal parts: Soprano (G clef) and Alto (F clef). The bottom two staves are for the piano: Tenor (C clef) and Bass (F clef). The tempo is marked as L = 56 with the instruction "with high spirit". The vocal parts are mostly silent, while the piano provides harmonic support with sustained notes and rhythmic patterns. A dynamic marking "f" is placed above the piano staff.

S A
T B
Pno.

f

쾌 지 나 칭 칭 나 네
kwe - ji - na ching - ching na - nae

f

This section of the musical score continues with the vocal parts (Soprano and Alto) and piano accompaniment. The vocal parts enter with the lyrics "쾌지나 칭칭나네" (Kwe-Ji-Na Ching-Ching Na-Nae). The piano part features eighth-note chords and a dynamic marking "mf" followed by "f". The vocal parts sing in a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes, with the piano providing harmonic support.

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8

S A

T B

Pno.

8

12

S A

T B

Pno.

12

$\text{♩} = 120$

mp

17

Pno.

2

S A

20 *mp*

칭 치 잉 쾌 지 나 치 잉 칭 나 네 칭 치 잉
ching chi-ing kew-ji-na chi-ing-ching na-nae ching chi-ing

T B

mp

Pno.

20 *mp*

S A

23 *mf*

쾌 지 나 치 잉 칭 나 네 칭 치 잉 쾌 지 나 치 잉 칭 나 네
kwe-ji-na chi-ing-ching na-nae ching chi-ing kwe-ji-na chi-ing-ching na-nae

T B

mf

Pno.

23 *mf*

DARA DARA BALGEUN DARA
arr. Kook

SATB divisi, unaccompanied

WJMS1187

DARA DARA BALGEUN DARA

달아 달아 밝은 달아

Moon, Moon, Bright Full Moon

SATB divisi and Small Group

Arranged by
Hyun Kook
국현

JO-MICHAEL SCHEIBE CHORAL SERIES
Committed to Musical & Educational Excellence



About the Work

Dara Dara Balgeun Dara consists of two different sections: the melody followed by the slower section and the faster section beginning in m. 63. The melody in the first section (m. 1-8) is derived from a traditional children's song (with three notes of do, re, sol) from the Seoul region of Korea. Throughout history, this song has been adapted for various lyrics, each structured with an eight-syllable pattern. To preserve the composer's intention of maintaining the original song's simplicity, this version of the melody uses only four notes (do, re, sol, la) intricately interwoven in a canonical manner. The fast section uses a new tune by the composer. This setting was performed to acclaim by the Naju Civic Choir (Jeon Jin, conductor), supported by the Korean government, at the Lotte Concert Hall, one of the finest concert halls in Seoul, during the 2023 Korean Choral Festival.

A note about the pronunciation: In Korean, the sound ㄹ from 달아 is pronounced somewhere between the English L and R; it's not as strong as the R sound commonly used by native speakers, but it also shouldn't be pronounced like a double L. As written in the separate page, and advised by Dr. Jin Byun, who specializes in Korean pronunciation, according to the IPA notation, “달아달아” could be transcribed as “Dala Dala” rather than “Dara Dara.” However, in this score, it's been transcribed as “Dara Dara” based on the composer's intent.

-Hyun Kook

Korean Text and English Poetic Translation

달아 달아 밝은 달아
이태백이 노던 달아
저기 저기 저 달속에
계수 나무 박혔 으니
우 도끼로 찍어 내고
금 도끼로 다듬 어서
초가 삼간 집을 짓고
양친 부모 모셔 다가
천년 만년 살고 지고

*Moon, moon, bright full moon
that Moon (poet) Lee Tae-baek played with.
There, there in that Moon
a laurel tree grows.
I wish I could fell it with silver ax,
trim it with the golden ax,
build a tiny cottage from it,
and invite Mom and Dad, to live
thousands of years together.*

*For a literal translation, transliteration, and IPA pronunciation guide provided by Dr. Jin Byun, visit waltonmusic.com and search WJMS1187.

About the Composer

Dr. Hyun Kook, MD, PhD, graduated from Chonnam National University Medical School, Korea, where he is currently a professor and manages research grants targeting heart diseases. Recognized for his scientific contributions, he is a distinguished member of both the Korean Academy of Sciences and Technology and the National Academy of Medicine of Korea. Though Dr. Kook has no formal music education, he has been writing music since 2005 and has garnered a strong following in the choral composition world, both in Korea and internationally. His vocal pieces have been recorded on 24 albums. In 2023, his *Libera me* and *Missa Brevis* were recorded by Kantorei Minnesota (Adam Reinwald, conductor) and released as an online album. Notably, his pieces *Suri Suri Masuri* and *Dara Dara Balgeun Dara* (both SSAA versions), were showcased by the Dortmund Youth Choir (Konzertchor 2 der Akademie für Gesang NRW, Narae Joung Davutovic, conductor), during their Grand Prix-winning performance at Deutscher Chorwettbewerb 2023. With over 350 compositions published by leading Korean and U.S. publishers including Walton Music, his musical influence continues to expand.

Dara Dara Balgeun Dara

달아 달아 밝은 달아

(Moon, Moon, Bright Full Moon)

SATB divisi and Small Group

Based on 3-noted (tritonic)
Traditional Korean children's song
from the Seoul area

Arranged by
HYUN KOOK (b. 1967)

Adagio ($\text{♩} = 28$ or $\text{♩} = 84$)

traditional song (meas. 1-8)

p

Small Group

달 아 달 아 밝 은 달 아 이 태 백 이 노 던 달 아
Da - ra da - ra bal - geun da - ra I - tae - bae - gi no - deon da - ra

5

저 기 저 기 저 달 속 에 계 수 나 무 박 혔 으 니
Jeo - gi jeo - gi jeo - dal - so - ge Ge - su - na - mu bak - hyeot - seu - ni.

Piu mosso ($\text{♩} = 30$ or $\text{♩} = 90$)
(always 4-measure phrases)

T

B

달 아 달 아 밝 은 달 아 이 태 백 이 노 던 달 아
Da - ra da - ra bal - geun da - ra I - tae - bae - gi no - deon da - ra

13

저 기 저 기 저 달 속 에 계 수 나 무 박 혔 으 니
Jeo - gi jeo - gi jeo - dal - so - ge Ge - su - na - mu bak - hyeot - seu - ni.

17

S

A

p

T

B

옥 도 끼 로 쩍 어 내 고 금 도 끼 로
Ok-do-kki-ro jjii - geo-nae-go Geum-do - kki - ro

니 옥 도 끼 로 쩍 어 내 고 금 도 끼 로 다 듦 어
ni. Ok-do-kki - ro jjii - geo-nae - go Geum-do - kki - ro da - deu - meo -

옥 도 끼 로 쩍 어 내 고 금 도 끼 로 다 듦 어 서
Ok-do-kki-ro jjii - geo-nae-go Geum-do - kki - ro da - deu - meo - seo

21

p

초 가 삼 간 집 을 짓 고 양 친 부
Cho-ga-sam-gan ji - beul-jit - go Yang-chin-bu -

다 듦 어 서 초 가 삼 간 집 을 짓 고 양 친 부 모
da-deu-meo-seo Cho-ga-sam-gan ji - beul-jit - go Yang-chin-bu - mo

서 초 가 삼 간 집 을 짓 고 양 친 부 모 모 셔 다
seo Cho-ga-sam-gan ji - beul-jit - go Yang-chin-bu - mo mo - sheo - da -

초 가 삼 간 집 을 짓 고 양 친 부 모 모 셔 다 가
Cho-ga - sam-gan ji - beul-jit - go Yang-chin-bu - mo mo - sheo - da - ga

25

molto rit. Tempo I

모 모 셔 다 가 3
mo mo - sheo - da - ga

모 셔 다 가 3
mo - sheo - da - ga

가 천 년 만 년 살 고 지 고 천 년 만 년 살 고 지 고
ga Cheon-nyeon man-myeon sal-go - ji - go Cheon-nyeon-man-nyeon sal-go - ji - go

Animato ($\text{♩} = 34$ or $\text{♩} = 102$)

30

Small Group

A few sopranos

mf

달 아 달 아
Da-ra da - ra

S1 *mp*
달 아 달 아
Da-ra da - ra
밝 은 달 아
bal-geun da - ra

S2 *mp*
달 아 달 아
Da-ra da - ra
밝 은 달
bal-geun da -

A1 *mp*
달 아 달 아
Da-ra da - ra
밝 은 달
bal-geun da -

A2 *mp*
달 아 달 아
Da-ra da - ra

T1 *mp*
달 아 달 아
Da-ra da - ra

T2 *mp*
달 아 달 아
Da-ra da - ra

B1 *mp*
달 아 달 아
Da-ra da - ra

B2 *mp*
달 아 달 아
Da-ra da - ra

38 *f* poco a poco cresc.

밝 은 달 아
bal-geun da - ra

f poco a poco cresc.

이 태 백 이
I - tae-bae - gi

f poco a poco cresc.

이 태 백 이
I - tae-bae - gi

f poco a poco cresc.

이 태 백 이
I - tae-bae - gi

f poco a poco cresc.

밝 은 달 아
bal-geun da - ra

f poco a poco cresc.

이 태 백 이
I - tae-bae - gi

f poco a poco cresc.

밝 은 달 아
bal-geun da - ra

f poco a poco cresc.

이 태 백 이
I - tae-bae - gi

f poco a poco cresc.

밝 은 달 아
bal-geun da - ra

f poco a poco cresc.

이 태 백 이
I - tae-bae - gi

f poco a poco cresc.

밝 은 달 아
bal-geun da - ra

f poco a poco cresc.

이 태 백 이
I - tae-bae - gi

강강술래

Ganggangsullae
(Traditional Korean Dance)

Text:

Ganggangsullae
Darah, darah, oori nimeun oedigagoh
Dorah ohljul mohreuneungah
Ganggangsullae

Translation:

Ganggangsullae (name of the dance)
Moon, where is my darling?
Don't you know my love will come back
Ganggangsullae

Pronunciation Guide:

gaŋ gaŋ su lɛ
dara dara urı nimeun ədīgago
doraoldʒul moruňeungga
gaŋ gaŋ su lɛ

Arranged by Byunghee Oh
Contact: obh5002@gmail.com

강강술래 (Ganggangsullae)

SSA

Byunghee Oh

Powerfully $\text{♩} = 50$

Soprano

Mezzo Soprano

Alto

Piano

강 gahng ff gahng

S

M.S.

A

Pno.

강 gahng - - - - gahng gahng soo - ool lae

강 gahng - - - - 강 강 수 을 래

강 gahng - - - - 강 강 수 을 래

강 gahng - - - - 강 강 수 을 래

ff > ff > mp >

10

S
M.S.
A
Pno.

10

he eh
한 예
he eh
한 예
he eh
한 예

f

15

S
M.S.
A
Pno.

15

gah
가
ah
아
ang
앙
gahng
강

cresc.

gah
가
ah
아
ang
앙
gahng
강

cresc.

gah
가
ah
아
ang
앙
gahng
강

cresc.

p

a little faster $\text{♩} = 60$

21

Soprano (S):
Mezzo-Soprano (M.S.):
Alto (A):
Piano (Pno.):

22

Soprano (S):
Mezzo-Soprano (M.S.):
Alto (A):
Piano (Pno.):

27

Soprano (S):
Mezzo-Soprano (M.S.):
Alto (A):
Piano (Pno.):

32

Soprano (S), Mezzo-Soprano (M.S.), Alto (A), Piano (Pno.)

래 lae rit. molto rit.

빠르지 않게 (moderato) ♩ = 90

38

Piano (Pno.)

빠르지 않게 (moderato) ♩ = 90

38

44

Soprano (S), Mezzo-Soprano (M.S.), Alto (A), Piano (Pno.)

강 gahng 강 gahng

44

50

S
M.S.
A
Pno.

50

강 gahng 강 gahng 강 gahng 강 gahng

강 gahng 강 gahng 강 gahng 강 gahng

강 gahng 강 gahng 강 gahng 강 gahng

56

S
M.S.
A
Pno.

56

강 gahng 술 sool 래 lae 저 jee

강 gahng 술 sool 래 lae 저 jeo

강 gahng 술 sool 래 lae 저 jeo